

**A NATIONAL WEBINAR
ON
"ROLE OF THE STATE IN
THE DEVELOPMENT
PROCESS"**

RESOURCE PERSONS:-

**Prof. Kumar Bar Das
Former Vice Chancellor,
Fakir Mohan University,
Balasore, Odisha**

&

**Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda
Professor and Head,
Department of Economics,
School of Social Science and Humanities,
Central University of Tamilnadu**

ON

18TH NOVEMBER 2020

**Organized by
Department of Economics
Pattamundai College
Pattamundai**

REPORT

The Department of Economics, Pattamundai College, Pattamundai organized a National Level Webinar on the topic ***“ROLE OF THE STATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS”*** on 18th November 2020 at 11 a.m. Through online platform: Zoom cloud meeting app and YouTube live streaming.

Inaugural Session

The session was started at 11 a.m. under the chairmanship of Prof. Adhikari Laxmi Narayan Dash, Principal cum Chairperson of this Webinar, Prof. Kumar Bar Das, former Vice Chancellor, Fakir Mohan University, Balasore, Odisha, was the Chief Guest and Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda, Professor and Head Department of Economics, School of Social Science and Humanities, Central University of Tamilnadu, was the Chief Speaker of this auspicious occasion.

The participants were joined in the webinar from 10.45 a.m to 11 a.m Mr. Subhasis Mishara, Lecturer in Economics and the Co-Convener of the webinar introduced the guests. Mr. Pradyumna Pradhan, Head of the Department of Economics and the Convener of the webinar, delivered welcome address to the resource persons, staff of the nearby and our college and the students participated in the webinar and gave a brief introduction about the webinar topic. Prof Adhikari Laxmi Narayan Dash, Principal and Chairperson of the webinar delivered inaugural address to the resource persons, staff members of our college, other College and the students participated in the webinar, Dr. Manas Kumar Nayak, Lecturer in English of our college coordinated the webinar.

Technical session I

The first technical session was started at 11.20 a.m. in this session Prof. Prasant Kumar Panda delivered his talk on the role of state in the development of a nation. After the end of this session different questions were asked by the participants and Prof. Panda answered the questions in a very simplified way.

Technical session 2

The second technical session was started 12.20 p.m just after the question and answer session of technical session one and in this session the resource person was Prof. Kumar Bar Das and he delivered his talk on how free marketism aims at building a global economic order of interdependence. The different questions were asked by the participants and Prof Das answered the question in a very simplified way.

Finally, the webinar was ended with a vote of thanks by Dr. Manas Kumar Nayak, Lecturer in English of our.

Date: 18th November 2020

**Pradyumna Pradhan
Convenor**



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL

Mobile : 9437376724

PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE

NAAC ACCREDITED B+ GRADE

PATTAMUNDAI, KENDRAPARA, ODISHA - 754215

Ref No. : 1087

Date..... 12/11/2020

To

Prof Kumar Bar Das

Ex Vice Chancellor,
Fakir Mohan University
Balasore, Odisha

Sub: -Invitation as Chief Guest in the National Webinar of Economics Department, Pattamundai College on 18th November 2020.

Dear Sir,

You are requested to act as Chief Guest in the **National webinar** on “**Role of the State in the Development Process**” which is going to be organised by the **Department of Economics, Pattamundai College, Pattamundai at 11.00 am on 18th November 2020.**

Your kind consent is highly solicited.

[Handwritten Signature]
12-11-20

Principal
Pattamundai College



OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL

Mobile : 9437376724

PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE

NAAC ACCREDITED B+ GRADE

PATTAMUNDAI, KENDRAPARA, ODISHA - 754215

Ref No. : 1088

Date..... 12/11/2020

To

Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda
Professor and Head
Department of Economics
School of Social Science and Humanities
Central University of Tamilnadu

Sub: -Invitation as Chief Speaker in the National Webinar of Economics Department, Pattamundai College on 18th November 2020.

Dear Sir,

You are requested to act as Chief Speaker in the **National webinar** on “**Role of the State in the Development Process**” which is going to be organised by the **Department of Economics, Pattamundai College, Pattamundai** at 11.00 am on 18th November 2020.

Your kind consent is highly solicited.

Ant. Sen
12-11-20

Principal
Pattamundai College



Principal Pattamundai College <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com>

Invitation for National Level Webinar on 18th November 2020**Dr.Kumar Das** <drkumardas@gmail.com>

Tue, Nov 17, 2020 at 6:15 PM

Reply-To: drkumardas@gmail.com

To: Principal Pattamundai College <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com>

Dear sir,

Thanking you very much for your invitation
I give my consent herewith to be chief guest

Inthe webinar.

Best wishes

Prof Kumar Das

Exvc

On Tue, 17 Nov, 2020, 3:22 pm Principal Pattamundai College, <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com> wrote:

Sir,

Kindly, find the attachment forwarding invitation letter as the Resource Person to conduct a National Level Webinar for the department of Economics.

Principal**Pattamundai College**pattamundaicollege@gmail.com

Invitation as the Resource Person

2 messages

Principal Pattamundai College <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com>

Thu, Nov 12, 2020 at 3:42 PM

To: prasantkumar@cutn.ac.in

Sir,

Kindly, find the attachment forwarding invitation letter as the Resource Person to conduct a National Level Webinar for the department of Economics.

with regards,

Principal

Pattamundai Collegepattamundaicollege@gmail.com**prasant sir.jpeg**
504K

Prof. Prasant Kumar Panda, Dept.of Economics <prasantkumar@cutn.ac.in>

Fri, Nov 13, 2020 at 10:45 AM

To: Principal Pattamundai College <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com>

Dear Sir,
Greetings

Thank you very much for your kind invitation. I am extremely happy to be part of this activity.
Looking forward to meet you virtually.

best regards,

sincerely

Prasant Panda

From: "Principal Pattamundai College" <pattamundaicollege@gmail.com>**To:** prasantkumar@cutn.ac.in**Sent:** Thursday, 12 November, 2020 15:42:44**Subject:** Invitation as the Resource Person

[Quoted text hidden]

Short CV

Prof. Kumar Bar Dash

Former Vice Chancellor

F.M University, Balasore

Prof Kumar Bar Das is a social scientist. He is an insightful scholar with organic thoughts. He is a very reputed educationist and mind blowing orator. He is the alumni of presidency college of Calcutta university. He was the member of state pollution board and president of all orissa economic association. He is the examiner of UGC NET Examination, IAS and IES examination of UPSC. He was the principal economist of different research project of ODA, ILO, UNICEF, WHO and UNDP. He WAS THE CHIEF ECONOMIST OF WORLD BANK. HE WAS THE VICE CHANCILLER OF Fokir mohan university, Balesore, odisha and professor of Applied economics and chairman dept of economics Utkal university, Bhubaneswar. He was the head of research, SBI and RBI endowment. He has obtained phd from colcutta university, D.litt from Utkal university and D.sc from California university. He has supervised 30 phd scholar and authored 32 books and 200 research papers. He has expertise in Microeconomics, macro economics, welfare economics and mathematical economics. His research interest includes rural development, poverty, livelihood and food securities, sustainable development, child labour, tribal development, women empowerment, regional development, tourism, displacement and disaster management.

Short CV

PRASANT KUMAR PANDA, Ph.D

Professor and Head,

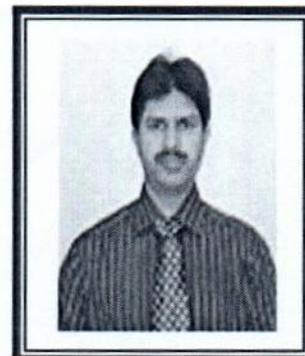
Department of Economics

School of Social Science and Humanities

Central University of Tamil Nadu

(Established by an act of the Parliament of India in 2009)

Neelakudi, Post: Kangalancherry, Thiruvarur – 610 101, Tamil Nadu, India



Areas of Interest (Teaching):, Econometric Methods, Applied Statistics, Public Economics, Applied panel data Econometrics, Microeconomic Theory

Areas of Interest (Research and consultancy): Public Finance and Public Policy; Development Economics, , Rural Development, Health Economics and Evaluation of Health and Public Programmes

Education and Training:

- Ph.D in Economics, Pondicherry University (a Central University), Puducherry,
- M.A in. Analytical and Applied Economics and M.Phil. in Economics , Utkal University, Bhubaneswar,
- B.A –(Honours in Economics) , Utkal University, Bhubaneswar,
- Training in Public Economics, at National Institute of Public Finance Policy (NIPFP), New Delhi
- Attended training workshops on Applied Econometrics at Madras School of Economics and University of Hyderabad

Previous Teaching Assignments and Experience: 22 Years

- Presently working as Professor and Head, Department of Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu, Thiruvarur
- Worked as Associate Professor, Department of Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu, Thiruvarur (20-05-2016 to 19.12.2019)
- Worked as Assistant Professor in Department of Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu, Thiruvarur for the period 12-12-2013 to 20-05-2016
- Being selected by the Union Public Service Commission, worked as Assistant Professor in UG and PG Government Colleges, Government of Puducherry , Pondicherry University for the period 03-02-2004 to 11-12-2013.
- Guest/Visiting Faculty at Orissa University of Agriculture and Technology, Biju Patnaik University of Technology, Pondicherry University, Central University of Orissa
- K.N. Raj Fellow at Centre for Development Studies (CDS), Trivandrum during Jan-Feb, 2019.

Membership in Statutory Bodies and other committees

- Member of the Court, Central University of Tamil Nadu
- Member of The Executive Council, Central University of Tamil Nadu(1st March 2019 to 16th march 2020)
- Member of the Academic Council at Central University of Tamil Nadu.
- The chairperson, Board of studies Economics, Department of Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu

- Member, School Board, School of Social Science and Humanities, Central University of Tamil Nadu
- Member, School Board, School of commerce and management, Central University of Tamil Nadu
- Member, Selection committee, selection of regular faculty positions, department Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu on 30.12.2019
- Member, Screening committee, selection of regular faculty positions, department Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu , November 2019
- Member, Screening committee, selection of regular faculty positions, department Economics, Central University of Tamil Nadu , May 2017
- Worked as member of several core committees of the University including the Steering Committee that prepared Self Study Report (SSR) of CUTN for NAAC accreditation, report of University and compilations of data for NIRF ranking for the year 2016 to 2019
- Coordinator, Committee for Preparation of Vision and action plan document of the Central University of Tamil Nadu. 2017
- Member, Special Board of studies, for Interdisciplinary and indo-french collaborative programme MA Integrated in Social science, Economics, administration and law(SEAL), Pondicherry University, for the period 07.11.2019 to 30.11.2022

Member, BOS, Department of mathematics, Central University of Tamil Nadu, since 29th
 Member, BOS, Department of Social work , Central University of Tamil Nadu, since 20-12-2019 to 08. 12. 2022.

- Member Observer, BOS, Department of History, Central University of Tamil Nadu, since 23.12.2019 to to 08.12. 2022
- Member Curriculum development committee, Department of History, Central University of Tamil Nadu, from 2016 to 2019.
- Member, BOS Dept of Economics, Kanchi Mamunivar Centre for PG studies(Autonomous), Puducherry, Affiliated to Pondicherry University
- Member, BOS(subject expert), Department of Economics, A.V.C. College(autonomous), Affiliated to Bharathidasan University,Mayiladuthurai, Tamil Nadu for the period 01-04-2019 to 31-03-2022.
- Member, BOS Department of Economics , Bharathidasan Govt College for women (autonomous), Puducherry, Pondicherry University for 23.01.2018 to 22.01.2020 as subject expert ,nominated by the academic council of BGCW.
- Special invitee (subject expert), BOS meeting, Department of Economics, Central University of Odisha, Koraput during 24-25, February 2020
- March 2016 to 28th March 2019

Prizes and Academic Distinctions:

- Being Invited by Rashtrapati Bhavan, participated in the Prestigious “Inspired teachers’ In-Residence Programme at Rashtrapati Bhavan” in 2015 and recognized as Inspired Teacher.
- On the basis of students and fellow faculties’ nominations, emerged as best inspired teacher in the year 2015 at CUTN and was nominated to participate in the above programme.
- Co-authored paper received best research paper award in a national conference at Pondicherry University, in 2015.
- Awarded with UGC FIP Fellowship in 2009 (not availed).
- Got first prize for the essay in a programme for South Asian Region Participants at National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP), New Delhi in 2008.
- Awarded with The K. N. Raj Fellowship for Teaching Resource Grant Programme for the year 2018-19 at Centre for Development Studies (CDS), Thiruvananthapuram.
- He is a life member of the Indian Econometric Society (TIES), Indian Association for Research in National Income and Wealth (IARNIW), and All Orissa Commerce Association
- Worked as referee for various reputed Journals like International journal of tax and Public Finance (Springer), Economics Bulletin (USA), Journal of Developing Areas (USA), Review of Development and Change (sage), Journal of Infrastructure Development (sage) and Journal of Public Affairs (wiley). Currently working as the editor for the journal Vision: Journal of Indian taxation.

Publications and Presentations:

Published 41 research papers and the editor/co-editor of four books. He has presented 47 research papers in national/ international conferences and delivered invited talks/chaired sessions in 50 occasions.

Research Projects:**Research Projects Completed:**

- Centre-State Fiscal Transfers in India: An Analysis of determinants and impacts, (Prasant Kumar Panda, PI) funded by University Grants Commission.(2012-13)
- Political Economy of Tax revenue determination and State level tax reforms in Eastern States in India, a collaborative research project funded by Centre for Training and Research in public Finance and Policy (CTRPFP)(A ministry of Finance initiative, Govt. of India), Centre for studies in social sciences, Calcutta in the year 2014-15.(Collaborator: Dr.Tushar Nandy)
- Maternal and Child Health Care Developments in Rural India: Outreach and Impact Assessment of Janani Shishu SurakshaKaryakram (JSSK) in Thiruvarur District, Tamil Nadu, India ((PI): Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda,and Co PI: Chittaranjan Subudhi, Central University Of Tamil Nadu, Funded by National Council of Rural Institutes, , Ministry of Human resource Development, GOI. ,2018-19

- Patterns and determinants of farmers vulnerability, Resilience building mechanism, and adoption strategies to adverse effects of natural calamities: Empirical evidences from Vizianagram District, Andhra Pradesh, Funded by Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education, , Ministry of Human Resource Development, GOI, ((PI): Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda, Central University Of Tamil Nadu, in collaboration with Dr. Lilly Grace Eunice, Dept of Economics, Andhra University(co-PI), 2018-19

Research Projects Ongoing:

- “Rural Household Vulnerability to Unhygienic Practices, Its Impact on Health and Effective Interventions through *Swachh Bharat Mission*: An Empirical Study in Thiruvarur District of Tamil Nadu” (Project director: Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda, CO-PDs: Dr. Nikhil Kumar Gouda, Dr. P. Udhaykumar, Dr. Sujit Kumar Behera, Central University of Tamil Nadu, Awarded under ICSSR Research Programme Grant, 2018-2020

Research Supervision

Ph.D Awarde: 03

On-going Ph.D level research supervision: 03

Other personal information:

Email: prasantkumar@cutn.ac.in, pkp.pondyedu@gmail.com

Mobile: 91-94883 62428

Place: Thiruvarur

Date: 09-09-2020

(PRASANT KUMAR PANDA)



PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE

PATTAMUNDAI, KENDRAPARA, ODISHA, INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

in Association with

IQAC

Organises

A NATIONAL LEVEL WEBINAR

on



“ROLE OF THE STATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS”

Date: 18 November 2020, Time: 11.00 AM

Platform: Zoom Meeting App and YouTube Live



Chief Guest

Prof. Kumar Bar Das
Former Vice Chancellor,
Fakir Mohan University
Balasore, Odisha



Chief Speaker

Dr. Prasant Kumar Panda
Professor and Head
Department of Economics
School of Social Science and
Humanities
Central University of Tamilnadu



Prof. A.L.N. Dash
Principal
Pattamundai College



Mr. Pradyumna Pradhan
Convenor



Mr. Subhasis Mishra
Co-Convenor

Registration Link: <https://forms.gle/RxhgYgtZo2rkZzv7>

No Registration Fee

E-Certificates to all participants

Website: www.pattamundaicollege.ac.in

Mail ID: pattamundaicollege@gmail.com / iqacpmi@gmail.com

ROLE OF THE STATE IN DEVELOPMENT PROCESS IN THE CONTEXT OF FREE MARKETISM

Kumar B Das

Former Vice Chancellor (FMU) and Professor of Economics, Utkal University

Free marketism aims at building a global economic order of interdependence. Economic growth has been accepted as a sacrosanct objective. During last three decades movement of economic integration has become very powerful in India. Its consequences are all pervasive.. Life of people in cities and metros have become very glamorous and attractive . India is economically growing very fast. It is the second fastest growing country. It is the fourth largest economy. There are many things to be proud about “ incredible India”. All sectors of Indian Economy seems to be vibrating now. Hyper growth of consumerism has generated an atmosphere of over optimism of instant economic growth. The wave of consumerism has become very attractive . *Globalisation become a zero sum game.* Because after globalization, the global investment has not increased and global employment situation has not improved. Market is neither fair nor free. It suffers from asymmetric information. Market failure has become the norm. Market fails even in USA ,which the model of free-market economy due to asymmetric information. Once we introduce incomplete and imperfect information, the Chicago- school defenders of free-market system cannot sustain their descriptive claims of Pareto efficiency of the real world. Though economic growth among developing countries have been very impressive during last three decades the employment situation of India has become a matter of deep concern. There is widespread unemployment and surplus manpower. *Wastage of human resource spreads the message of acute pessimism in the country.* The dominant goal and strategy of central planning of India during first four decades after independence was to achieve economic development. That development paradigm has not lost its continuity till today, even after new economic reforms of nineties. But with the same obsession for economic development the policy of free marketism has now reduced the dominant role of the state and replaced the strategy of central planning. Previously development was state- led now it is market-driven. The pendulum of economic growth in India is swinging from over commitment of public sector to over enthusiasm of the private sector. This model has very substantial core of truth which spreads the message of over optimism of instant change. *The post liberalization period has marked a distinct upturn of the growth trajectory .*The urban sector is growing impressively very fast .

Development thinking was state led and problem driven. Now it is market driven, which is in a profound impasse. State has failed and now Market is failing us.

The economic growth rates of India have improved but its agricultural sector has lagged behind. The growth rate in agriculture has persistently decelerated. It is highly neglected and the most unproductive sector which is characterized by seasonal and disguised unemployment. Aggregate food production continues to increase yet hunger also continues to blight the lives of millions of people. Government cannot afford to neglect public need in a liberal electoral democracy. Poverty alleviation programmes do not attack hunger at its roots. Rather they tend to polarize our societies by concentrating income in the hands of few and narrowing the social opportunities for the poor. We must grapple with the monolithic nature of the existing policies and procedures, which serve to shut down the voices of civil society. Food production is endangered because of the damage to the environment. Climate change, land degradation, water scarcity and growing vulnerability to stress are real threats to food security. The danger is that we tend to treat hunger as the result of underdevelopment and over population. It is a wrong notion.

The green revolution in India has failed. It has created greed revolution and grey areas. Now there is shift from farm to nonfarm and food to nonfood. Therefore rise in food production in India is very slow. Farmers are making suicide and selling kidneys. Credit is becoming a major source of mental tension of small farmers. Both traditional and modern agriculture in India are non sustainable. Modern farming has reduced genetic diversity with top soil erosion. The HYV technology is thirsty for water and hungry for fertilizer and pesticide. It has resulted in the soil infertility and accentuated ecological imbalance. The global water crisis is looming large. Over exploitation of water leads to major disruption in hydrological cycles and growing food scarcity. *The north faces over use of chemical inputs and the south faces non-sustainability of resource use.* Food production has exponentially increased and per capita production of food has also increased but the problems of food insecurity perpetuates. Food insecurity translates into high degree of vulnerability.

India, like many developing countries has many industries yet it could not become an industrialized country or advanced economy. Industrial development in India is regionally concentrated. The country has a slender industrial base, which is mostly dependent on mineral resources. The large scale centralized approach with its heavy emphasis on capital-intensive industrialization takes most of the investible capital. This approach has never raised the volume of employment and has never served the common man or the vulnerable poor. Having sporadic establishment of industries does not mean industrialization. Industrialization process means synergy of ancillarization or auxiliary activities. There is no virtuous circle of

backward or forward linkages. Thus there is no industrialization in the country. The dot com growth in Indian industries is indeed phenomenal. But there is no hope of any trickle down benefit to rural sector from this growth. The IT sector is not the engine of economic growth, but an attractive *daba*. Millions of Indian are connected to internet whereas the rural majority could not be connected with fresh drinking water. When India is proud of having thirty percent software engineers, India should be sad for having twenty five percent of the world's malnourished population. The process of industrialization is of little benefit to the rural majority. SSS is shattered almost. Industrial growth and employment are not related to each other. Industrial units are only salary disbursing islands for engineers, not related to economic development process. *Industrialization is not attuned to increasing employment in the small scale sector.* At the most, it generates very few job opportunities, for highly skilled people. Industries under globalization regime require labor which cannot be supplied by the village people. It produces the goods which they do not consume. Hence the industrial activity is mostly labor displacing.

There is hyper growth of the tertiary sector in which the IT sector constitutes the major component. Our educated boys and girls are getting jobs in the IT companies. The entire tertiary sector is becoming highly elitist, information intensive and sophisticated. But its labor absorption capacity has remained very low. Thus the marginalization process has become more pronounced by IT industry. Education also constitutes the major component of service sector. Similarly tourism sector and entertainment industry, hotel industry, transport sector, banking industry, insurance industry and many spurious activities like liaisoning, policing, brokering, gambling are growing very fast. All educated people try to get some scope to make some windfall gains depending on the chance factor. The highly educated class of the society are always enjoying the hedonistic pleasure of consumerism. They use their degrees and skill as an instrument to earn or as an insurance to protect the future. They are crazy for making easy money regardless of method of making money. Means of accumulating wealth may be legal or illegal, they do not care. They make money due to the ignorance of the common man and speculation, but not due to their efficiency. They are fully indifferent towards the social issues. They are blinded because they are not affected by the present trend of discrimination, deprivation, disparity and dualism. Micro success is the associated with macro failure.

Incredible India has become the super power. But in India 1/4th suffer from poverty, 1/4th suffer from starvation, 1/5th suffer from malnutrition, 1/5th do not attend schools, 3/5th do not have sanitation and 2/5th do not have drinking water. The degree of openness and effectiveness of governance are very low. India has higher rank only in terms of

economic growth rate, but India has lower rank in all other aspects. There is ever widening regional disparity and economic inequality. There social disharmony and cultural onslaught. Indian society is externally revolutionary but internally evolutionary. There is high rates of crime, corruption, bribery, scams, women and child trafficking, infant mortality rate, maternal mortality rate, farmer's suicide, child labor, bonded child labor, sex slavery, prostitution, labor attrition, female feticide, rape, domestic violence against women, dowry, dowry torture, bride burning, beggary, child selling ,malnutrition, indebtedness, alcoholism, disease burden, illiteracy, dogma, superstition, cheating and money laundering. Internally India suffers from several corrosive malaises. Internal weakness is highly endemic and corrosive. The real determinant of India's strength and prosperity. Indian is growing inspite of itself.

India is ahead of many countries in terms of economic growth and computerization. Only it generates an euphoria of development. But India is not developing. There is utter neglect of rural sector and hyper bias towards urban sector. The high economic growth is the result of benign neglect of the social sector. High standard of living of the few is associated with low standard of life of the majority. Income inequality and regional disparity are every widening. *We are ruralising frustration and urbanizing aspirations.* New aspirational class has emerged. High dependency burden persists in each family. The values of several key developmental variables of India are very low. The rank of India in terms of several indices among the comity of nations are as follows:

1. Global Happiness Index - 133 (Finland)
2. Global Peace Index- 136 (Iceland)
3. Global Prosperity Index -100 (Sweden)
4. Per capita Gross National Income Index -126 (Qatar)
5. Quality of Life Index - 49 (Denmark)

These indices indicate the reality . It contradicts our impression. The path of development contains these paradoxes. India has very impressive performance in terms of economic growth. But its rank in terms of per capita income is 126th in the world. In India 1/4th are in poverty,1/4th suffer from starvation, 1/5th suffer from malnutrition, 1/5th do not attend schools, 3/5th do not have sanitation and 2/5th do not have drinking water. There is cultural onslaught; Indian society is externally revolutionary but internally evolutionary. There is high rates of crime, corruption, bribery, scams , women and child trafficking, infant mortality rate, maternal mortality rate, farmer's suicide, child labor,

bonded child labor , sex slavery , prostitution, labor attrition, female foeticide ,rape, domestic violence against women, dowry, dowry torture, bride burning, beggary, child selling ,malnutrition, indebtedness, alcoholism, disease burden, illiteracy, dogma, superstition, cheating and money laundering. These are all indirectly dragging forces. There is huge unemployment in this country. This problem is not addressed by new economic reforms. Privatisation is gravitating towards automation and labour –displacing technology.

Overhauling of political system is warranted. Political system concentrates on winning next election. It is never oriented towards development . It only gravitates towards attract ballots. WE have an oligarchic system . Dynasty is the reality in Political system of India. Normless and valueless society is dangerous for the democratic system itself .Meritocracy can not survive in Indian political system. It is as opaque and undemocratic as anything. Upward mobility in the channel is severely restricted. It is the high command alone that matters. *We find party men every where but no country man.* Political leaders and political workers are loyal to the party leaders but not to the nation. County needs work men but not salesmen. We must remove the unemployment from the society and disguised unemployment prevailing in agriculture , industry and service sector of India. People must contribute more and get less from each organization. Labour productivity should be more than the salary. We are not only backward but also heading towards big economic crisis.

India is destined to remain perpetually underdeveloped. Because the development and underdevelopment are part of the same totality. The design or model of development itself is defective. *Population is not the cause of our backwardness.* Obvious causes of our backwardness are: high unemployment, women unemployment, inequality, poverty, inefficiency, dependency burden, disease burden and corruption. By sowing thirty percent one should not expect hundred percent harvesting. Internally India suffers from several corrosive malaises. Internal weakness is highly endemic and dragging. Social backwardness is severely affecting economic resilience.

Economic engine drags us in wrong direction. non producers exploit the producers everywhere . There is hyper growth of the service sector and excessive growth of many superfluous things like financial services, policing, entertainment, insurance, brokering, liasoning networking etc. There is colossal neglect of the social sector. There is unctuous praise for private sector. There are anecdotal evidences of success. There is financial exuberance in all developing countries. *In fact neither public sector nor private sector is*

growing but the self-sector is growing. The opportunist class dominates and rules. They control everything : economy, education, health, agriculture, industry, technology, police, administration, court, information, public opinion, and culture. It is based on exploitation and corruption. State is devoid of meaningful development and social welfare. The state indifference and inaction has become very overt and gradually acceptable.

Indian developmentalists are always optimistic about the future. They myopically argue that India has a great future as an economic super power. The dividing line between developed and underdeveloped is permanent. Optimism is good, but refusing to understand the stark reality is disastrous. Mere speed of its economic growth does not make it advanced, developed or a rich country. Underdevelopment is inherently inbuilt in the passion for economic growth. Whole development process has become delusive. Thus we have to change the path of development. Development is not game or gamble where some are winners and some are losers. Market delivers efficiency but can not ensure development. Development is win-win process of inclusion. Thus we must resurrect our understanding about development. We have to decolonize our thinking and pursue a different model of development. Thus state need long term planning, appropriate technology, stronger norms, more stringent laws and regulations to hold people accountable and clearer understanding of what is desirable and sustainable. Our country needs a strong state with true democracy but not dominant bureaucracy or strong police or military power. Mere speed of its economic growth does not make it developed. We must resurrect our understanding and adopt Indian model of development. We need bottom up approach and decentralised planning. *Thus each country needs pragmatic politicians, proactive bureaucrats and organic intellectuals.* Everyone should work above one's own selfish interest. Eventually social welfare subsumes individual happiness. Each individual owes to the society. And educated class owes more heavily to the society and environment. Indifference of elite class is worse than illiteracy and ignorance.

Role of State, Public Policy and Development

PRASANT KUMAR PANDA

Professor and Head,

Department of Economics,

Central University of Tamil Nadu

prasantkumar@cutn.ac.in

The scheme of presentation

- Four Key Questions Pertaining to Govt. Intervention
- The need and nature of Government's Intervention and Role of state
- What should be the Developmental Priorities?
- Increasing State Activities and Do They Matter?
- Relevance of State for Development today : Main Issues

Four Key Questions Pertaining to Govt. Intervention

When should the government intervene in the economy?

How might the government intervene?

What is the effect of those interventions on the economic outcomes?

Why do the governments choose to intervene in the way that they do?.

he need and nature of Government's intervention and Role of state

- Should Govt Intervene In Market Economy?
- Production , Provision verses Regulation: what should Govt. Do?
- Allocation, Redistribution and stabilization: (Musgrave's classification of function)

What should be the Developmental Priorities?

- Economic Growth Verses Social sector developments??

Size of Govt. Intervention in Union Budget at a glance (in Rupees crore)

	1950-51 (Accounts)	1980-81 (Accounts)	1990-91 (Accounts)	2000-01 (Actual)	2010-11 (Revised Estimates)	2018-19 (Budget Estimates)	2019-20 (Budget Estimates)
Revenue Receipts							
Receipts	406	12,830	57,650	1,92,624	7,83,833	17,25,738	19,62,761
Expenditure							
Expenditure	347	14,540	76,210	2,77,858	10,53,677	21,41,772	24,47,780
Surplus (+) Deficit(-)							
Surplus (+)	(+59)	(-1,710)	(-118,560)	(-185,234)	(-1,269,844)	(-1,160,34)	(-1,48,5,019)
Deficit(-)						(2.2)	(2.3)
Capital Accounts							
Receipts	120	8,770	39,000	1,32,987	4,32,743	7,16,475	82,3,588
Expenditure	182	9,630	31,780	47,753	1,62,899	3,00,441	33,8,569
Surplus (+) Deficit(-)							
Surplus (+)	(-62)	(-860)	(+7,220)	85,234	(+2,69,844)	(+1,60,34)	48,5,019
Deficit(-)							
Overall budgetary Deficit							
Overall budgetary Deficit	(-13)	(-12,570)	(-11,340)	0	0	0	0

Size of Government Intervention (Source: Rao, 2017)

Table 1: Public Finance in India (Per cent of GDP)

	Tax Revenues		Non-Tax Revenues		Total Revenues		Capital Expenditure		Total Expenditure		Revenue Deficit		Fiscal Deficit		Primary Deficit	
	1990-91	2000-01	2005-06	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017	2018	2019
	15.40	14.50	15.90	17.50	16.30	15.50	16.30	5.30	26.90	26.90	4.20	9.40	9.40	5.00	5.00	5.00
	2.20	2.30	2.70	2.80	2.40	2.20	2.90	2.90	26.00	26.00	6.40	6.40	6.40	3.40	3.40	3.40
	17.60	16.80	18.60	20.30	18.70	17.70	19.20	5.30	26.90	26.90	4.20	9.40	9.40	8.40	8.40	8.40
	2.20	2.30	2.70	2.80	2.40	2.20	2.90	2.90	26.90	26.90	4.20	9.40	9.40	3.40	3.40	3.40
	19.70	19.10	20.30	22.90	20.30	19.70	22.90	4.20	28.00	28.00	5.70	9.40	9.40	4.50	4.50	4.50
	3.40	3.40	3.26	3.26	3.26	3.40	3.40	7.20	30.10	30.10	3.00	6.80	6.80	2.30	2.30	2.30
	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	4.44	27.58	27.58	3.17	7.80	7.80	1.99	1.99	1.99
	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.86	4.18	27.17	27.17	3.48	6.90	6.90	2.28	2.28	2.28
	19.76	19.76	19.76	22.66	20.30	19.76	22.66	4.15	26.81	26.81	3.27	6.70	6.70	1.80	1.80	1.80
	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	4.11	25.24	25.24	3.34	6.50	6.50	2.00	2.00	2.00
	3.70	3.70	3.70	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	5.28	28.11	28.11	2.71	7.20	7.20	2.67	2.67	2.67
	4.40	4.40	4.40	23.39	23.39	23.39	23.39	4.97	28.36	28.36	1.96	6.30	6.30	1.67	1.67	1.67

Note: The Estimates for 2015-16 are actuals for the Union Government and Revised estimate for State governments. Similarly, the data for 2016-17 related to revised estimates of the Union government and budget estimates of the State governments.

Source: 1. Public Finance Statistics, Ministry of Finance, Government of India.

2. Budget Documents of the Union and State governments.

Major Items as Percentages of Total Expenditure

(as percentage to total combined expenditure)

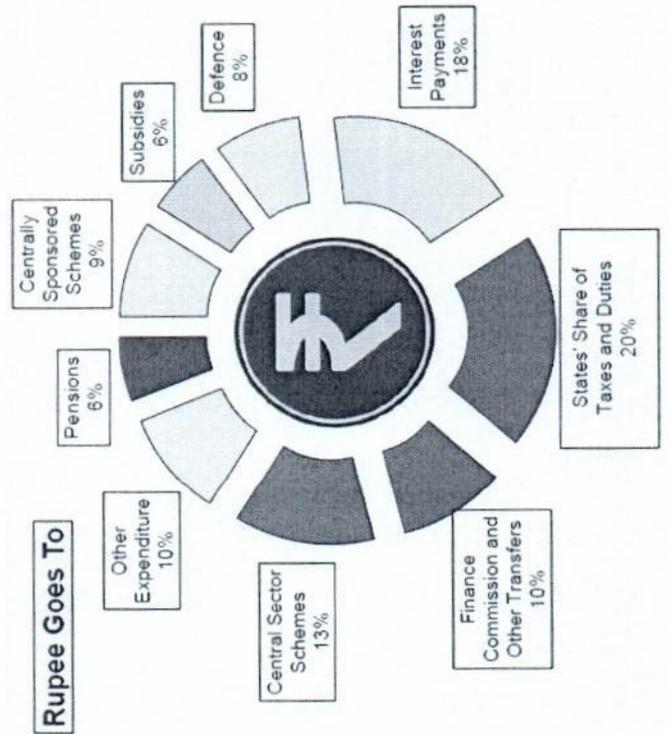
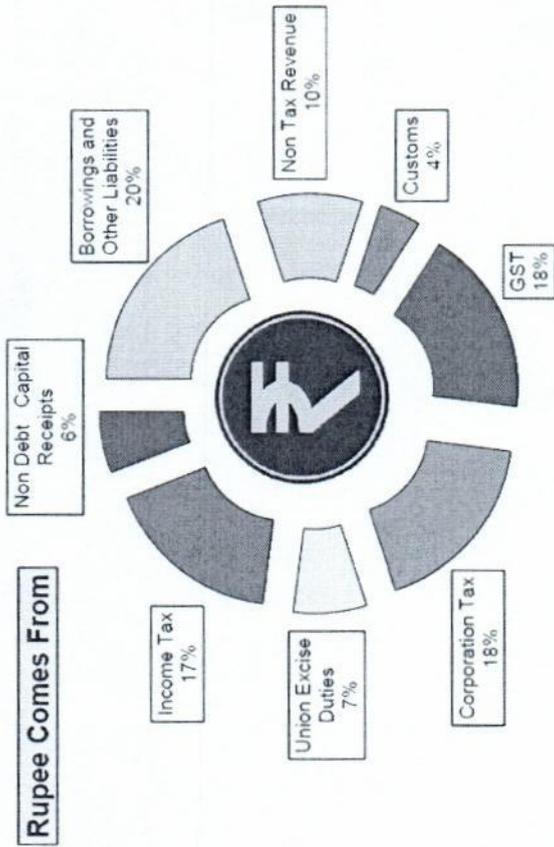
Year	Developmental Expenditure	Non-developmental Expenditure
1999-00	46.0	54.0
2000-01	45.5	54.5
2010-11	50.6	47.6
2011-12	50.6	46.9
2012-13	51.9	46.5
2013-14	50.1	48.6
2014-15	50.1	49.9
2015-16*	53.0	47.0
2016-17#	53.9	46.1

* revised estimate
budget estimate

Sector Specific Expenditure as percent of Total Expenditure (combined)

Year	Social and Community Services	Agriculture and allied services	Defence	Interest Payments
1999-00	21.1	7.0	9.1	21.3
2000-01	20.6	6.4	9.0	22.2
2010-11	23.5	6.9	7.3	16.7
2011-12	23.6	6.3	7.2	16.9
2012-13	24.8	6.6	6.9	17.3
2013-14	24.1	6.1	6.9	18.2
2014-15	22.7	6.9	6.9	18.3
2015-16*	23.7	7.3	5.7	16.5
2016-17#	24.9	8.5	5.7	16.9

* revised estimate
budget estimate



Under 5 Mortality Rate

(Per 1000 live births) (Source: Rangarajan, 2016)

States	Per capita NSDP at current prices (2008-09)	Under 5 mortality rate 2008	Under 5 mortality rate 2009	Under 5 mortality rate 2010
Delhi	111756	40	37	34
Haryana	67388	65	60	55
Maharashtra	62234	41	36	33
Punjab	55315	49	46	43
Gujarat	55068	60	61	56
Tamil Nadu	54137	36	33	27
Kerala	53046	14	14	15
Himachal Pradesh	49903	50	51	49
Karnataka	48084	55	50	45
Andhra Pradesh	46345	58	52	48
West Bengal	35487	42	40	37
Chhattisgarh	34360	71	67	61
Odisha	31416	89	84	78
Rajasthan	31279	80	74	69
Jammu & Kashmir	30212	55	50	48
Madhya Pradesh	25278	92	89	82
Jharkhand	25046	65	62	59
Assam	24099	88	87	83
Uttar Pradesh	20422	91	85	79
Bihar	13728	75	70	64
All India	40775	69	64	59

Per Capita Public Expenditure on Health and Health Index
(Source: Rangarajan, 2016)

States	Health Index	Per capita Public Expenditure (in Rs)
Andhra Pradesh	0.580	191
Assam	0.407	162
Bihar	0.563	93
Chattisgarh	0.417	146
Delhi	0.763	560
Goa	0.650	861
Gujarat	0.633	198
Haryana	0.627	203
Himachal Pradesh	0.717	630
Jammu & Kashmir	0.530	512
Jharkhand	0.500	155
Karnataka	0.627	233
Kerala	0.817	287
Madhya Pradesh	0.430	145
Maharashtra	0.650	204
Orissa	0.450	183
Punjab	0.667	247
Rajasthan	0.587	186
Tamil Nadu	0.637	223
Uttar Pradesh	0.473	128
Uttarakhand	0.530	280
West Bengal	0.650	173

Sigma Convergence



Lorenz Ratio of Consumption Distribution

Source: Rangarajan, 2016)

Year	Rural	Urban
1993-94	0.28	0.34
2004-05	0.30	0.37
2011-12	0.30	0.38

Relevance of State for Development today : Main issues

- Increasing role of state is imminent in welfare state, But misplaced priorities will create problem.
- Political Objectives should not outweigh the economic goals of welfare interest in policy making
- Role of state needs to be more rationale in balancing equity and efficiency
- Govt to ensure rules of Economic games- proper legal framework, assignment of property rights
- State should be a facilitator for production, market, and trade than producing itself. Ensure Provision of public goods, merit goods and regulation in case of imperfect market
- Economic growth along with development of social sectors are important. Improving quality of life is also important.
- Emphasis on quality of spending and effectiveness of spending are important in making benefits of the scheme realized for people
- Balanced regional and sustainable economic development

Role of State for Development : Main Issues

- Evolving and active fiscal policy for Sustaining consumer demand and capital formation, achieving growth, high employment and price stability.
- Appropriate Public policy for realising the benefit of demographic dividend is important
- Maintaining fiscal and revenue deficit targets and debt and fiscal sustainability in long run- but in short run may shoot up
- Effective decentralization, and division of power and functions and design of transfers will help for public policy
- Promoting multilateralism, and cooperation to reduce geopolitical tension and promote trade and cooperation with other countries

Thank you

PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE, PATTAMUNDAI
Kendrapara, Odisha



Certificate of Participation

This is to certify that Mr./Ms./Mrs. <<full name>>, <<Designation>>, <<college name>> has actively participated in the National Webinar on "ROLE OF THE STATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS" Organized by the Department of Economics , Pattamundai College, Pattamundai, Kendrapara, Odisha on **18th November 2020**.

Pradyumna Pradhan

Mr. P Pradhan
Convener

Prof. K.B Das

Prof. K.B Das
Chief Guest

Prof. A.L.N Dash

Prof A L N Dash
Principal

Registration Form for the National Level Webinar on "ROLE OF THE STATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS"

Organized By: Department of Economics In Association with IQAC Pattamundai College, Pattamundai, Odisha Date: 18th November 2020 Time: 11.00 AM

SI No	Email Address	FULL NAME	College/University/Institution	Designation	Address	Mobile Number
1	nilamani.lenka00@gmail.com	DR NILAMANI LENKA	Pattamundai College	Associate Pr	Pattamunda	9438329950
2	sarajinimishra7191@gmail.com	SAROJINI MISHRA	Pattamundai college	Professor	Lecturer in z	9437920782
3	dasqueen156@gmail.com	BIJAYALAXMI DAS	College	Student	Chahapara,	7978731120
4	arabindapandab@gmail.com	ARABINDA PANDAB	PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE	LECTURER	KENDRAPA	9937254024
5	dsimangini@gmail.com	SIMANGINI DAS	Pattamundai College	Lecturer	Pattamunda	9090945613
6	subhasismishra5@gmail.com	SUBHASIS MISHRA	PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE	Assistant Pr	Pattamunda	7978621173
7	excellentsaroja@gmail.com	SAROJAKANTA NAYAK	Pattamundai College	Assistant Pr	Pattamunda	9583371671
8	srout9766@gmail.com	SUBHASHREE ROUT	Pattamundai college patta	Student	Baktapur	9938718424
9	baikunthroul1@gmail.com	BAIKUNTH CHARAN ROUL	Pattamundai College	Lecturer in F	Pattamunda	9337127295
10	chitrakanti1989@gmail.com	CHITRAKANTI SETHI	S. N COLLEGE, RAJKANI	Assistant Pr	At-Deuli, po-	9348703674
11	satyadinda332@gmail.com	SATYARANJAN DINDA	Pattamundai college, patta	Student	At-Rajendra	9337097002
12	preetylovelypradhan@gmail.com	Preetinibedita Pradhan	Pattamundai Degree Colle	Student	Rajnagar, K	6372628981
13	archanabai115@gmail.com	ARCHANA BAI	Pattamundai College Patta	Student	At-Goptira, F	8847816373
14	dparida1965@gmail.com	DR DUSHASAN PARIDA	PATTAMUNDAI COLLEGE	Associate Pr	PATTAMUN	9853165455
15	swainpurnuma18@gmail.com	PURNIMA SWAIN	Pattamundai college patta	Student	At- banto, po	9348125253
16	bijayalaxmisanha53@gmail.com	BIJAYALAXMI SANDHA	Pattamundai college, patta	Student	Pattamunda	8018805542
17	pratisrutipanda100@gmail.com	PRATISRUTI PANDA	Pattamundai college, patta	Student	AVPo-Belital,	6371697686
18	rkpandaodca2008@gmail.com	RABINDRA KUMAR PANDA	Pattamundai College	Associate Pr	Pattamunda	9238899769
19	rasmita41997@gmail.com	RASMITA DASH	Pattamundai college ,patta	Student	At-Niginipur,	6370610264
20	sangitasarang99@gmail.com	Sangita sarangi	Pattamundai	Student	Barramundi	9348720488
21	saratchandradasenglish@gmail.com	DR. SARAT CHANDRA DAS	Pattamundai College, Patta	Associate Pr	Pattamunda	9078961028
22	jitendramalik57@gmail.com	Mr Jitendra Malik	Pattamundai College, Patta	Assistant Pr	Pattamunda	+917008598319
23	pradyumna.bir@gmail.com	PRADYUMNA PRADHAN	Pattamundai College	Assistant Pr	Pattamunda	9776010619
24	puspanjalim765@gmail.com	PUSPANJALI MAHAPATRA	Nayagarh Autonomous co	Student	Nayagarh	9337121929
25	subham.10april@gmail.com	SUBHAM SEKHAR RATH	Nayagarh Autonomous co	Student	At_ Chandra	8917497072
26	sahoo.barsharani001@gmail.com	BARSHARANI SAHOO	Nayagarh Autonomous Co	Student	Debottor col	7735152435
27	chandandakua39@gmail.com	CHANDAN DAKUA	Nayagarh autonomous col	Student	Odagaon	7077187770
28	patchalamohan1234@gmail.com	PATCHALA.LAKSHMI GAYATHRI	BSSB DEGREE COLLEGE	Student	Tadikonda	7995446095
29	thutabhaskararao@gmail.com	Thuta Bhaskararao	ZPHSCHOOL DANDU GC	Teacher	ZPHSCHOC	+919490595637
30	drarkeshwar.90@gmail.com	DR TARKESHWAR NATH MISHRA	Mahendra Mahila Mahavid	Assistant Pr	Mahendra M	9905446446

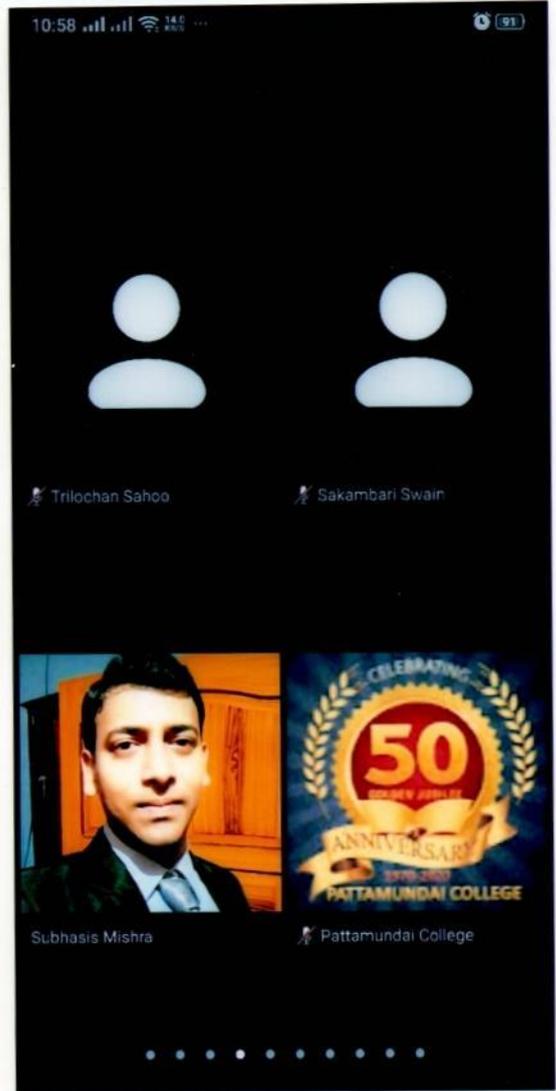
66	shindeakash3757@gmail.com	Akash Pramod Shinde	Sinhgad Institute of Management	Student	Pune	+919923394101
67	nayanabara@gmail.com	NAYANA BARAL	O.P.S. MOHAVIDYALAYA	Lecturer	O.P.S. Moha	9090169455
68	debasislovesuall@gmail.com	Debasis Rout	OSOU	Student	Padampur	7504914858
69	monalisakar511@gmail.com	MONALISA KAR	Ramadevi women's Univer	Student	Kendrapara	7077151125
70	raj.kadp@gmail.com	RAJANI KOYYA	Ideal College of Arts & Sci	Associate Pr	Samaikot Rd	8074734412
71	mahapatrabamadev91@gmail.com	BAMADEV MAHAPATRA	IIT Dhanbad	Research Sc	Dhanbad, Jh	8093995515
72	firdoshsumeya777suja@gmail.com	SAMIYA FIRDOSH	Ramadevi women's univer	Student	Orissa, Kend	8594944397
73	anjuasr121@gmail.com	DR ANJU SHARMA	KHALSA COLLEGE AMRI	Associate Pr	Dept of Econ	9780865570
74	ashapriyavasinidas@gmail.com	ASHA PRIYAVASINI DAS	Utkal university	Student	Kendrapara	8112147814
75	kamaladas383@gmail.com	KAMALA DAS	Barbil college, Barbil	Lecturer in E	At/po-Barbil,	9668697013
76	talariram0123@gmail.com	TALARI RAMAKRISHNA	GOVERNMENT DEGREE	Student	Pattikonda, K	9505391358
77	kpmishra1998@gmail.com	Kaibalyapati Mishra	Ravenshaw University Cut	Student	Birapurusott	8249831449
78	asha.latha0317@gmail.com	B.ASHA LATHA	Ch.S.D.St.Theresa's Colle	Assistant Pr	Eluru, west g	8897199817
79	sundhansusekharsahu@gmail.com	SUDHANSU SEKHAR SAHU	College	Student	Aska	7326067163
80	sethyk49@gmail.com	Kalia Sethy	Science college (autonom	Student	At- Punar kh	8338856911
81	dash.geetanjali2002@gmail.com	GEETANJALI DASH	Science college (Autonom	Student	Hinjilicut, GA	7848801615
82	samitasahu12@gmail.com	SAMITA KUMARI SAHU	Science junior College hinj	Student	Hinjilicut	8260211576
83	gp.subha123@gmail.com	SUBHASHREE PANIGRAHI	College	Student	Hinjicut saru	+917855972566
84	jagannathpanigrahy97@gmail.com	JAGANNATH PANIGRAHY	SCIENCE COLLEGE(AUT	Student	HINJILICUT	8401412548
85	kalucharanapatra194@gmail.com	KALU CHARANA PATRA	SCIENCE (AUTO) COLLE	Student	AT/PO-DEN	8456957008
86	milpsamahapatra5@gmail.com	LIPSA MAHAPATRA	Science College,(autonom	Student	Odisha, Gar	8117035931
87	samikhypadhy143@gmail.com	SAMIKHYA PADHI	vedbyas residential college	Student	Adava,Gajap	9078930906
88	priyadarshininayak826@gmail.com	PRIYADARSHINI NAYAK	Pattamundai college pattat	Student	At - kanar pu	9090322024
89	bayasethi4@gmail.com	BAYA SETHI	Science (Aut.) college Hinj	Student	Manikyapur	6372864865
90	mantukinginctp@gmail.com	LINGARAJ PANIGRAHY	Ramajee Mahavidyalaya B	Lecturer in Z	Bhismagiri	9668898863
91	rinkibehera135@gmail.com	RINKI BEHERA	Science College Autonom	Student	Berhampur	7894864267
92	deepaksethi9507@gmail.com	DEEPAK SETHI	Science college hinjilicut	Student	AT/PO-KUR	6371093673
93	laxmikantabhalabhai85@gmail.com	LAXMIKANTA BHALABHAI	Ramjee Mahavidyala, Bhis	Student	Bhismagri, C	7606857373
94	pabitrasethi7750849843@gmail.com	NISAMANI SETHI	Science College (autonom	Student	At-singipur, B	9668246264
95	kavitav079@gmail.com	KAVITA VISHWAKARMA	KES SHROFF COLLEGE	Student	Sevanand ch	9324339844
96	maheswaribehera61@gmail.com	MAHESWARIBEHERA	Science autonomous colle	Student	Kumbhara s	9937613484
97	supriyapanigrahi00720@gmail.com	SUPRIYA PANIGRAHY	Keshtramohan science col	Student	Kanha naga	8249059759
98	Patramangu63@gmail.com	LIZA PATRA	Science college (autonom	Student	GOVINDAP	9937889985
99	ansikapani9337@gmail.com	ANSIKA PANIGRAHY	Science college hinjilicut	Student	In front of so	9337189403
100	pruthibikumarj@gmail.com	PRUTHIBI KUMAR JENA	Science college (Autonom)	Student	At- pakidi, .p	7735403501

136	sibanidalei789@gmail.com	SIBANI DALEI	SCIENCE COLLEGE (Autonomous)	Student	NIMAPOLLI	8280521325
137	bhagyabehera897@gmail.com	BHAGYABATI BEHERA	Science college (autonomous)	Student	Hinjilicut	8144226248
138	ltpirabha18@gmail.com	ITIPRABHA	Ramajee Mahavidyalaya,	Lecturer	Berhampur	7377978503
139	nibeditatarai945@gmail.com	NIBEDITA TARAI	Pattamundai college	Student	Mahu	8455988940
140	subhaktasahoo8339@gmail.com	BIJAYALAXMI SAHOO	Nayagarh Autonomous col	Student	Nayagarh	7735527202
141	pradhanmuna496@gmail.com	MANJULA PRADHAN	Science college (autonomous)	Student	Sompur, Hin	7847892826
142	mishrarupali2002@gmail.com	RUPALI MISHRA	Science college(Autonomous)	Student	Hinjilicut, Ga	7735028087
143	narayansahoo9685@gmail.com	MARAYAN SAHOO	Nayagarh autonomous col	Student	At-mahitam	8328997686
144	thiru.arasu17@gmail.com	Mr.N.Thirunavukkarasu	JP College of Arts and sci	Assistant Pr	JP College of	9524343575
145	rajuchg69@gmail.com	Mr. chitlu Gangaraju	Zillaparishad Highschool B	Teacher	Zillaparishad	8985949883
146	brajakishore101@gmail.com	BRAJA KISHORE BAL	Charampa Degree college	Associate Pr	Charampa D	8917683061
147	bhatgulzar38@gmail.com	GULZAR AHMAD BHAT	Government degree Coll	Assistant Pr	Killora shopi	7006253342
148	subhransu101research@gmail.com	SUBHRANSU SEKHAR SAHOO	S.K.C.G Autonomous Coll	Lecturer in E	S.K.C.G Aut	6370796141
149	barotema1971@gmail.com	BAROTE MAQBUL AHMAD ABDUL AZ	Azad Mahavidyalaya Ausa	Associate Pr	Azad Mahav	09422658959
150	sonalisaparida5@gmail.in	SONALISA PARIDA	Pattamundai college	Ex student	Pattamunda	8144198255
151	naikprabhakar39@gmail.com	PRABHAKAR NAIK	Science College (Autonom	Student	At/po-Punan	7854023261
152	knksatyayanarayana@gmail.com	Dr SATYANARAYANA KANAKALA	UCE-V, JNTU-K	Assistant Pr	Gotlam, Vizi	9849650827
153	asitkumar91519@gmail.com	DR. ASIT KUMAR SHADANGI	Ramajee Mahavidyalaya, B	Associate Pr	Dr.Asit Kum	7978171141
154	mprajna96@gmail.com	PRAJNA PRASAMITA MOHANTY	Utkal University	Research Sc	Vanivihar, B	7788907149
155	bkuna7080@gmail.com	kuna behera	science junior college hinji	Student	AT/Po-govin	7327947080
156	srinibashbarik9518@gmail.com	Dr Srinibash Barik	Charampa Degree College	Assistant Pr	Charampa D	9348238500
157	deepikanayak7303@gmail.com	DEEPIKA NAYAK	Science College (Autonom	Student	AT- Podang	9937296554
158	sahoolipsa827@gmail.com	LIPSA SAHOO	Pattamundai college	Student	Pattamunda	7992790973
159	sandipknj9@gmail.com	Mr. SANDIP KANJILAL	Manikchak Sikshaniketan	Assistant Te	Maida, Wes	8145875598
160	rinsaiman@gmail.com	RIN SAIMAN SAMAL	Saraswata Mahavidyalaya	Assistant Pr	Saraswata N	9938267877
161	heerakrath@yahoo.in	HEERAK RATH	Ambedkar College	Guest Facul	Berhampur	943712775
162	samseraliseikh@gmail.com	SAMSER ALI SEIKH	Haji Anfar Ali College, Doba	Associate Pr	Dobaka, Hoje	9435398658
163	rajnipanipat96@gmail.com	JATIN	Arya college	Student	2770h f bloc	8302295508
164	madhusmitasamal81@gmail.com	MADHUSMITA SAMAL	BARUNESWAR MOHAVI	Assistant Pr	JAJPUR, O	9438534790
165	anuskasahoo961@gmail.com	ANUSKA SAHOO	Pattamundai College	Student	Pokharipada	9348165770
166	Indceducation@gmail.com	DR.PRADEEP KUMAR PANDA	LAXMINARAYAN DEGREE	SR LECTUR	KODALA (G	9861480264
167	ankitasahoo37153@gmail.com	ANKITA SAHOO	Pattamundai college, patta	Student	Pattamunda	9861599073
168	harichandand145@gmail.com	HARICHANDAN DAS	DERABISH DEGREE COL	Student	At-chacroda	9861914658
169	supritichawla1974@gmail.com	SUPRITI	NPV SOUTH DELHI MUN	Teacher	New Delhi	9811250090
170	jeetbhoomika@yahoo.com	Dr Jitendra S Gajbhiye	Pt Ramsakha Upadhyay C	Assistant Pr	Ekta Nagar	8085365688

206	supritkaur.g@gmail.com	Dr.SUPREET KAUR	Surajmal College of Engin	Assistant Pr	Rudrapur	9917117911
207	avilipsadkl@gmail.com	AVILIPSA MALLIK	Mathakaragola college Ma	Assistant Pr	Kamakhyia N	8895743951
208	dibyajyotip248@gmail.com	DIBYA JYOTI PANDA	Pattamundai college, patta	Student	Pattamunda	8457063457
209	taraisushreeta@gmail.com	SUSHREETA TARAI	Pattamundai degree Colle	Student	At-sidhabali	7684086428
210	sunilpradhan1968@gmail.com	DR SUNIL KUMAR PRADHAN	Pattamundai College	Assistant Pr	Pattamunda	9337335705
211	senapatisasmita91@gmail.com	SASMITA SENAPATI	Pattamundai college	Student	Aul	9668997268
212	smurtranjanparida73@gmail.com	SMRUTI RANJAN PARIDA	Pattamundai degree colleg	Student	Damarpur	9556317992
213	nayakbikasnkumar1234@gmail.com	BIKASH KUMAR NAYAK	Pattamundai Degree Colle	Student	Pattamunda	9938568741
214	amitqureshi9@gmail.com	DR.MOHD.AMIT QURESHI	B.L.P. Govt.P.G.College,D	Guest faculty	51/A Kancha	9926023708
215	monalibara48@gmail.com	MONALI BARAL	Pattamundai Degree Colle	Student	Pattamunda	9861482757
216	bhagyashrirbasantara@gmail.com	BHAGYASHRI RAJESWARI BASANTA	Nayagarh Autonomous Co	Student	Ai/Po- Ekda	8144672058
217	premmalatarout7@gmail.com	DR. PREMALATA ROUT	Pattamundai college, patta	Associate Pr	Pmi college,	9438409031
218	saliniparida010@gmail.com	SALINI PARIDA	Pattamundai college patta	Student	At-Batipada,	7751012004
219	srilekharoy69@gmail.com	SRILEKHA ROY	College	Professor	Mathakaraga	8249042920
220	kondetiindirakumari@gmail.com	KONDETI.INDIRA KUMARI	SVD GDC (W) Nidadavole	Lecturer	West Godav	9390733826
221	alokbisoyi033@gmail.com	Alok bisoyi	science autonomous colle	Student	Hinjilicut	9348432577
222	kabitaJena2401@gmail.com	Kabita Jena	Nayagarh autonomous coll	Student	At-Rameswa	8144449162
223	jitu4mithun@gmail.com	KALPESWAR SAHU	Science college hinjilicut	Student	Badagada	8763315989
224	goutamgouda555@gmail.com	GOUTAMA GOUDA	Science (auto)college	Student	Baramundal	6371966344
225	narenderjalwan40@gmail.com	Narender	Maharishi dayanand unive	Student	V.p.o chhap	9813296982
226	senapatisanjay60@gmail.com	SANJAY SENAPATI	Spit ITI pattamundai	Student	Aul	9861249677
227	prabirkubiswal@gmail.com	PRABIR KUMAR BISWAL	Mathakaragola College,Dh	Lecturer	Ai/po- Mathe	09777083095
228	geetanjalilenka0@gmail.com	GITANJALI LENKA	Pattamundai(degree) colle	Student	Pattamunda	7205887491
229	anils.sutar@gmail.com	ANIL UTTAM SUTAR	Mahila Mahavidyalay Kara	Assistant Pr	Mangalvaar	9922822020
230	satyabanrout79@gmail.com	SATYABAN ROUT	Pattamundai degree colleg	Student	Ghadiamal,	9348530076
231	madhusmita2001sutar@gmail.com	MADHUSMITA SUTAR	Pattamundai degree colleg	Student	Ai/post-Areh	8260899012
232	misrailbaig@gmail.com	MIRZA ISRAIL BAIG	Pattamundai college patta	Student	At-pattamun	7064722678
233	chiranjibisahoo19@gmail.com	CHIRANJIB SAHOO	KENDRAPARA AUTO CO	Ex student	Kendrapara	7008229301
234	suchi.padhy999@gmail.com	SUCHISMITA PAFHY	Science Autonomous colle	Student	Ai/po- Hinjilik	08847819958
235	alpanapanda1822002@gmail.com	ALPANA PANDA	Science junior College,Hin	Student	At-khandara	6372883317
236	sahuramchandra342001@gmail.com	RAM CHANDRA SAHY	Hinjilicut science college	Student	Sikiri	9348627532
237	diptimayeeekhuntia316@gmail.com	DIPTIMAYEE KHUNTIA	Pattamundai college	Student	Srirampur pa	7788872587
238	0258Spanda@gmail.com	SONALI PANDA	Science college Hinjilicut	Student	Hinjilicut	9861063315
239	reetanahak1@gmail.com	RITA NAHAK	Science autonomous colle	Student	At-Madhuraj	6372839817
240	ashalatabehera78@gmail.com	ASHALATA BEHERA	science collage (autonomo	Student	Ai/po- Dhan	8117031131







ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି
ବିଭାଗ ଜାତୀୟ ଷ୍ଟେଡିନାର

ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ, (ସବୁ ୧) :
ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି
ବିଭାଗ ପକ୍ଷରୁ ବିକାଶ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ
ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା ଶୀର୍ଷକ ଜାତୀୟ
ଷ୍ଟେଡିନାର କଲେଜ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ
ପ୍ରଫେସର ଅଧିକାରୀ
ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀନାରାୟଣ ଦାଶଙ୍କ
ପୌର ହୃଦୟରେ ଅନୁଷ୍ଠିତ
ହୋଇଯାଇଛି । ଏଥିରେ ପକୀର
ମୋହନ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପୂର୍ବତନ
କୂଳପତି କୁମରବର ଦାସ ଓ
ତାମିଲନାଡୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ
ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପ୍ରଫେସର ପ୍ରକାଶ
କୁମାର ପଣ୍ଡା ଯୋଗ ଦେଇ
ବିକାଶରେ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା
ସଂପର୍କରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କରିଥିଲେ
। ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି
ବିଭାଗ ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ପ୍ରଧାନ
ସ୍ୱାଗତଭାଷଣ ଦେଇ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ
ସଂପର୍କରେ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥିଲେ ।
ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଶୁଭାଶିଷ ମିଶ୍ର
ଅତିଥିପରିଚୟ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡ.
ମାନସ ନାୟକ ଧନ୍ୟବାଦ
ଦେଇଥିଲେ । ଏହି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମକୁ
ପ୍ରାଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡ. ନୀଳମଣି ଲେଙ୍କା,
ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଜିତେନ୍ଦ୍ର ମଲ୍ଲିକ ଓ
ଅଧ୍ୟାପିକା ନିରୁପମା ସ୍ୱାଇଁ
ପରିଚାଳନା କରିଥିଲେ ।

Samay
Dt: 19.11.2020

ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ଜାତୀୟ ସ୍ତରୀୟ ସମ୍ମିଳନୀ



ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ, ୧୯/୧୧ (ନି.ପ୍ର): ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ପକ୍ଷରୁ ବିକାଶ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା ଶୀର୍ଷକ ଜାତୀୟ ସ୍ତରୀୟ ସମ୍ମିଳନୀ କଲେଜ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ ପ୍ରଫେସର ଅଧିକାରୀ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀନାରାୟଣ ଦାଶଙ୍କ ପୌରୋହିତ୍ୟରେ ଅନୁଷ୍ଠିତ ହୋଇଯାଇଛି । ଏଥିରେ ପକ୍ଷର ମୋହନ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପୂର୍ବତନ କୁଳପତି କୁମାରବର ଦାସ ଓ ତାମିଲନାଡୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପ୍ରଫେସର ପ୍ରକାଶକୂମାର ପଣ୍ଡା ବିକାଶରେ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା ସଂପର୍କରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କରିଥିଲେ । ପଟ୍ଟାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ପ୍ରଧାନ ସ୍ୱାଗତ ଭାଷଣ ଓ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ସଂପର୍କରେ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥିଲେ । ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଶ୍ରୀରାମଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ମିଶ୍ର ଅତିଥି ପରିଚୟ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡଃ. ମାନସ ନାୟକ ଧନ୍ୟବାଦ ଦେଇଥିଲେ । କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମକୁ ପ୍ରାଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡଃ. ନୀଳମଣି ଲେଙ୍କା, ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଜିତେନ୍ଦ୍ର ମଲିକ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପିକା ନିରୁପମା ସାହି ପରିଚାଳନା କରିଥିଲେ ।

Samay
 Dt: 20. 11. 2020

ପଢ଼ାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ଜାତୀୟ ଓ୍ଵେବିନାର

ପଢ଼ାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ, ୧୮୧୧

ଏକସ୍ପ୍ରେସ୍ ନ୍ୟୁଜ୍

ପଢ଼ାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ପକ୍ଷରୁ ବିକାଶ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା ଶୀର୍ଷକ ଜାତୀୟ ଓ୍ଵେବିନାର କଲେଜ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ ପ୍ରଫେସର ଅଧିକାରୀ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀନାରାୟଣ ଦାଶଙ୍କ ପୌରହିତ୍ୟରେ ଅନୁଷ୍ଠିତ ହୋଇଯାଇଛି । ଏଥିରେ ପକାର ମୋହନ ବିଶ୍ଵବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପୂର୍ବତନ କୂଳପତି କୁମାରବର ଦାସ ଓ ତାମିଲନାଡୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ ବିଶ୍ଵବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପ୍ରଫେସର ପ୍ରକାଶ କୁମାର ପଣ୍ଡା ଯୋଗଦେଇ ବିକାଶରେ ରାଷ୍ଟ୍ରର ଭୂମିକା ସଂପର୍କରେ ଆଲୋଚନା କରିଥିଲେ । ପଢ଼ାମୁଣ୍ଡାଇ କଲେଜ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି ବିଭାଗ ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଫୁଲ୍ଲ ପ୍ରଧାନ ସ୍ଵାଗତ ଭାଷଣ ଦେଇ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ସଂପର୍କରେ ସୂଚନା ଦେଇଥିଲେ । ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଶୁଭାଶୀଷ ମିଶ୍ର ଅତିଥି ପରିଚୟ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡ. ମାନସ ନାୟକ ଧନ୍ୟବାଦ ଦେଇଥିଲେ । ଏହି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମକୁ ପ୍ରାଧ୍ୟାପକ ଡ. ନୀଳମଣି ଲେଙ୍କା, ଅଧ୍ୟାପକ ଜିତେନ୍ଦ୍ର ମଲ୍ଲିକ ଓ ଅଧ୍ୟାପିକା ନିରୁପମା ସ୍ଵାଇଁ ପରିଚାଳନା କରିଥିଲେ ।

Odisha Express

ଅ: 19.11.2020